

# Griffith Feeney Ph.D.

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**Profile** 30+ years in international population. Extensive and diverse international consulting experience. Strong communication, writing, organizational and people skills. Distinguished publication record in peer-reviewed journals. Excellent references.

**Education** Ph.D. in Demography, University of California at Berkeley, 1972. Bachelor of Science in Mathematics, Antioch College, Yellow Springs, Ohio, 1968.

**Positions** 1998–Present. Independent international consultant, demography, applied statistics, and statistical capacity building. • 1972–1998. Fellow/Senior Fellow, East-West Center, Honolulu, Hawaii. Conduct scholarly research and publish results in peer-reviewed journals. Prepare and conduct seminars, workshops and conferences for intercultural exchange. Disseminate research findings to policy makers and other interested groups. Participate in professional conferences. Work closely with international collaborators. Teach university courses and advise students.

**Visiting Positions** February 2017, April 2015, June 2015. Visiting scholar, Max Planck Institute for Demographic Research. Rostock, Germany. • 2008–2009 academic year, Visiting Scholar, Department of Sociology, University of Pennsylvania (part time). • Spring 2007. Visiting Faculty, Department of Demography, University of California at Berkeley. • June–August 1994. Visiting Faculty, The Australian National University at Canberra. • Spring 1987. Visiting Faculty, Department of Demography, University of California at Berkeley.

**Country Experience** Afghanistan, China, Ethiopia, India, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Japan, Kenya, Republic of Korea, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mongolia, Myanmar, Namibia, Nepal, Pakistan, Palestine, Singapore, South Africa, Taiwan, Thailand, United Arab Emirates, Vietnam, Zambia, Zimbabwe.

## Selected Consultancies: 2015–Present

*World Health Organization, Bangladesh Country Office* Estimate Denominators for Routine Immunization in Bangladesh. 23 days, 4 June to 6 July, 2017 Dhaka.

*2017 Statistics South Africa* Issues Raised by 2017 Continuous Data Collection Survey Work and Transition to Computer Assisted Field Operations Programme. Member of two person international team. 10 days, May 1-12, 2017, Pretoria.

*2016 Statistics South Africa* Assessment of acceptability and validity of the results of Community Survey 2016, with focus on demographic variables, for the Statistics Council of South Africa. Member of six person international team. 48 days, May–June 2016, Pretoria.

*2015 UNFPA Myanmar* Lead author of thematic report on population projections based on the 2014 population census. 50 days, October 2015–July 2016 (ongoing), Nay Pyi Taw, Myanmar

*2015 UNFPA Myanmar* Lead author of thematic report on fertility and nuptiality based on the 2014 population census. 45 days, August–October 2015, Nay Pyi Taw.

*2015 Hellenic Statistical Authority (ELSTAT)* Prepare and present training course on demographic statistics covering demographic data and indicators, life tables, estimated population, population projections, migration and asylum statistics, including practical case studies. 6.5 days, 17–23 October 2015, Piraeus.

*2015 World Health Organization* Develop training materials for the regional and country workshops base on the draft guidelines for assessing and improving estimates of EPI target populations, and to make recommendations for revisions to the guidelines and workshop materials. 5 days, 16–20 October 2015, Geneva.

## 2010–2014

*2014 UNFPA Zimbabwe* Provide quality assurance to the 2012 Zimbabwe Population Census thematic analysis. Thematic reports covered: Fertility, Mortality, Migration, Projections, Population Growth and Distribution, Labour Characteristics, Women and Men, Youth, Children. 30 days, December 2014–February 2015. Harare.

*2014 Minnesota Population Center* (University of Minnesota) Develop and apply methods for evaluating the quality of IPUMS (Integrated Public Use Microdata Series) International census datasets. IPUMS International has created samples of census records for 258 censuses in 79 countries. 20 days, December–January 2015 (ongoing).

*2014 World Health Organization* Final revision of WHO Working Draft *Evaluating and Improving the Accuracy of Target Population Estimates for Immunization Coverage*. 4 weeks, September–October. Available on the WHO [website](#).

*2014 UNFPA Zimbabwe* Advise the UNFPA Country Office on supporting the Zimbabwe National Statistics Agency (ZimStat) in the production of profiles and thematic reports on the 2012 census of Population. Objectives included introducing international best practices in thematic analysis of census results and advising on systems and measures to ensure the quality of the reports. 20 days, July–August, Harare.

*2014 UNFPA Afghanistan—Central Statistical Office* Develop and present two week training workshop on indirect estimation of fertility and mortality for staff of Central Statistical Office. Objective: Develop capacity of CSO staff to produce fertility and mortality chapters of reports on the provincial socio-demographic and economic surveys being taken by the CSO. 14 days, 17 May–02 June, Kabul.

*2014 Minnesota Population Center* (University of Minnesota) Exploratory research on the quality of selected IPUMS International census sample datasets by comparing consistency of selected statistics for birth cohorts observed at successive censuses. 20 days, January–March. Selected results available online at [demographer.com/presentations/2014-population-census-microdata-time-machine/](http://demographer.com/presentations/2014-population-census-microdata-time-machine/).

*2013 World Health Organization* Revise draft WHO guidelines for improving target population estimates for immunization coverage. 30 days, September–December 2013.

*2013 Instituto Nacional Estadística (INE) of Chile* Team leader, International Commission on the 2012 Population and Housing Census of Chile (Griffith Feeney, Roberto Bianchini and Rajendra Singh). 8 weeks, September–November 2013, Santiago.

*2013 Statistics South Africa* Build capacity of Statistics South Africa staff to produce thematic reports based on the 2011 population census; analyze census data on children born, surviving, and deceased. 2 weeks, April, Pretoria.

*2013 World Health Organization* Teach material on assessing and improving target population estimates based on draft guidelines, WHO European Regional Workshop on Immunization Data and Information Systems, Istanbul, 16–18 April 2013 (7 days).

*2013 Statistics South Africa* Build capacity of Statistics South Africa staff to analyze education data from 2011 population census. 4 weeks, January 2013, Pretoria.

*2012 Statistics South Africa* Evaluate 2011 population census of South Africa, as member of international evaluation team. Procedures followed, post-enumeration survey (PES), demographic estimates of total population and age distribution. 12 weeks, July–November 2012, Pretoria.

*2012 World Health Organization* Draft guidelines for Improving Target Population Estimates for Immunization for use by national and local immunization authorities in WHO member countries. Five weeks, May–July 2012.

*2012 World Health Organization* Develop methodology for estimating and produce estimates of numbers of males and females at single years of age from 5–74 for each year from 2010–2020. 1 week, December 2012.

*2012 Statistics Centre Abu Dhabi* Review methodology for producing population estimates based on the 2011 census, including estimation of enumeration completeness. 2 weeks, December 2013, Abu Dhabi.

*2011–2012 DFID—Zambia Central Statistical Office (CSO)* Advise and support CSO in data processing quality assurance, planning census tabulations, and producing analytical and thematic reports. Six months, July 2011–March 2012, Lusaka.

*2011 World Health Organization* Develop methods and materials for assessing and improving immunization target population estimates. Two weeks, April, Geneva.

*2011 World Health Organization* Develop methodology for estimating annual numbers of persons by single year of age, produce estimates for all countries. Two weeks, August.

*2011 World Health Organization* Workshop to introduce regional WHO staff and national EPI staff to methods to improve target population estimates; make recommendations for further development based on participant feedback. Bangkok, 1 week, December.

*2011 United Nations Statistics Division* Conduct final evaluation of 5 year project to develop statistical capacity in SADC region countries. 1 month, February–May. Namibia, South Africa, Zambia, and Zimbabwe.

*2010 UNFPA—Malawi National Statistical Office* Work with teams of national consultants to review and finalize thematic census reports on fertility and nuptiality, mortality, migration, and the elderly. Two missions, 7 weeks total, July–October, Zomba and Lilongwe.

*2010 UNFPA Ethiopia—Central Statistics Administration (CSA)* Build CSA staff competencies in census management, processing, and analysis; with Census Data Processing Advisor. 8 weeks, March–April, Addis Ababa.

*2010 Ministry of Planning, Kurdistan Regional Government, Iraq* Assess preparations for the population census planned for October 2010. Two one week missions, May and September, Erbil.

*2010–2011 DFID—Zambia Central Statistical Office (CSO)* Advise and support CSO on logistics of returning 25,000 boxes of census questionnaires from the field and organizing questionnaire storage and data capture. 18 weeks, October 2010–February 2011, Lusaka with field work in Eastern Region.

*2010 United Nations Statistics Division* Present 4 day workshop on analyzing census data on fertility and nuptiality to staff of the Malawi National Statistical Office. 8 days, July, Blantyre, Malawi.

*2010 World Health Organization* Develop methods and materials to evaluate and improve quality of sub-national estimates of age-specific population. 2 weeks, February, Geneva.

## **2000–2009**

*2009 World Health Organization* Develop methods to improve target population estimates for immunization-vaccination monitoring. 5 weeks, February–May.

*2009 World Health Organization* Visit WHO–AFRO in Brazzaville and national Expanded Programme on Immunization (EPI) offices in Ethiopia, Malawi and DR Congo to discuss steps for improvement of target population estimates. Develop model to produce consistent annual estimates of target populations for immunization for 2000–2009. 4 weeks, August–September, Addis Ababa, Lilongwe, Kinshasa, Brazzaville.

*2009 UNFPA Mongolia—Mongolia National Statistical Office* Review 2008 National Reproductive Health Survey demographic indicators. Teach 3 day training in demographic methods. 10 days, June, UNFPA, Ulaanbaatar.

*2009 UNFPA Palestine—Institute for Community and Public Health (ICPH), Birzeit University* Palestine Present intensive demographic and census analysis workshop. 7 days, November–December, Ramallah.

*2009 United Nations Population Division* Census Analysis Workshop in Beirut, Lebanon. Present sessions on the analysis of errors in census age-sex distributions. 1 week, December.

*2009 World Health Organization* Consultations on improving denominator estimates. 1st Annual Regional Conference on Immunization, Harare, Zimbabwe, 14-16 December 2009. 1 week.

2009 *World Bank—Lebanon Central Administration for Statistics (CAS)*. Assess CAS capacity to conduct a census and make recommendations for capacity building. 4 weeks, March–April, Beirut.

2008 *Institute for Community and Public Health, Birzeit University* Ramallah, Palestine. Present intensive course in demographic methods for institute students and faculty. 1 week, November, Ramallah.

2008 *UNFPA Headquarters* Member of 5 person mission to Kabul, Afghanistan to assess readiness for population census scheduled for August 2008. 2 weeks, June, Kabul.

2006 *United Nations Population Division* Develop methodology for estimating and projecting population by age, sex and rural-urban residence and for analyzing demographic components of urban growth. 4 1/2 months, February–June, New York.

2006 *United Nations Population Division* Assess demographic trends and prepare estimates and projections for selected countries. 3 months, October–December, New York.

2005 *UNFPA Afghanistan* Identify candidates for Chief Technical Advisor for population census and facilitate UNFPA country office role in supporting Phase II of the census. 12 weeks, August–November, Kabul and home base.

2005 *UNFPA Viet Nam—General Statistical Office* Review Population Change Survey data of 1 April 2005 and estimate provincial fertility and mortality rates. 18 days, October–November, Hanoi.

2004 *United Nations Population Fund* (New York Headquarters) Ascertain UNFPA’s program information needs taking into account existing information materials. 6 weeks, June–July, New York.

2004 *United Nations Assistance Mission in Afghanistan* (UNAMA) Analyze reliability of population estimates, facilitate publication before parliamentary elections. 20 days, October–November, Kabul.

2004 *World Bank—Department of Civil Registration, Government of Kenya*“ Develop implementation plan for inclusion in the World Bank STATCAP project. 3 weeks, January–February, Nairobi.

2003-04 *United Nations Statistics Division* Support Pakistani experts producing monograph on 1998 Population Census. 5 months. UNFPA, Pakistan Institute for Development Economics, New York and Islamabad.

2003 *United Nations Statistics Division* Member of five person mission to Afghanistan to explore the feasibility of a population census. 2 weeks, April–May, Kabul.

2002–2003 *International Union for the Scientific Study of Population* (IUSSP) Redesign IUSSP website to improve maintainability and prepare for future development. 1 month, October 2002 to March 2003, home base and Paris.

2002 *United Nations Population Division* Develop process to reduce update time for the Population, Resources, Environment and Development database. 3 months, October–December, New York.

2002 *United Nations Population Division* Rapporteur and write final report of the expert group meeting on completing the fertility transition. redesign population division web site to improve organization and graphic design. 3 months, March-May, New York. Available at the united nations population division website: [Completing the Fertility Transition](#).

2002 *United Nations Population Division Methods for Estimating Adult Mortality*. United Nations, New York. Available on the United Nations Population Division website: [www.un.org/esa/population](http://www.un.org/esa/population).

2001 *United Nations Population Division* Redesign Population Information Network “POPIN” web site [www.popin.org](http://www.popin.org). 5 months, August–December.

2000–2001 *United Nations Statistics Division* Write *Handbook on the Collection of Fertility and Mortality Data*. 7 1/2 months, September 2000 to May 2001. Available on the United Nations Statistics Division website: [Handbooks, Guidelines and Training Manuals](#) (Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish).

2000 United Nations Population Division Produce estimates and projections for 25 countries for World Population Prospects, 2000 round. Develop methodological tools to facilitate and improve this work. 6 1/2 months, September 1998 to March 1999, New York.

#### **1990–1999**

1999 United Nations AIDS Program Develop minimalist demographic-epidemiological model for projecting HIV/AIDS. With Basia Zaba. 5 weeks, November-December.

1999 United Nations Population Division Draft report on long range population projections. 6 weeks, July-August.

Ministry of Population and Environment, Government of Nepal Work with Ministry staff to produce 1998 Population Projections for Nepal: 1996-2016 Volume I: National and Urban Projections. Three weeks, May 1998, Kathmandu.

1995–96 UNFPA Viet Nam—General Statistical Office Analyze and assess Multi-round Survey results. 3 weeks in August 1995 and 2 weeks in August-September 1996, Hanoi.

1995 UNFPA Myanmar—Immigration and Population Department, Ministry of Immigration and Population Work with Department staff to produce final report on the Population Changes and Fertility Survey: 1991. Three months, March-May, Yangon.

1994 UN Statistics Division—China State Statistical Bureau Teach workshop on birth history reconstruction. 1 month, November-December, Beijing and Hang Zhou.

1990–1991 UNFPA Viet Nam—General Statistical Office (GSO). Present training workshops on the analysis of 1989 population census results to GSO staff. 3 missions, 10 weeks total, Hanoi.

#### **Technical Writing: Reports, Handbooks, Guidelines**

2015 World Health Organization *Evaluating and Improving the Accuracy of Target Population Estimates for Immunization Coverage*, Working Draft, available on the WHO [website](#).

2002 United Nations Population Division Final report of the Expert Group Meeting on Completing the Fertility Transition. 3 months, March-May, New York. Available at the UN Population Division website, [Part One. Report of the Expert Group Meeting on Completing the Fertility Transition](#).

2000–2001 United Nations Statistics Division Write *Handbook on the Collection of Fertility and Mortality Data*. 7 1/2 months, September 2000 to May 2001. Available on the United Nations Statistics Division website: [Handbooks, Guidelines and Training Manuals](#).

2002 United Nations Population Division *Methods for Estimating Adult Mortality*, United Nations, New York. Available on the United Nations Population Division website: [www.un.org/esa/population](http://www.un.org/esa/population).

1995 UNFPA Myanmar *Population Changes and Fertility Survey: 1991*, Immigration and Population Department, Ministry of Immigration and Population, Yangon, Myanmar.

#### **Selected Publications: 2000–2014**

Feeney, Griffith. 2014. Literacy and gender: Development success stories. *Population and Development Review* **40**(3):545–552 (September).

Feeney, Griffith. 2011. Mortality tempo: A guide for the skeptic. *Comparative Population Studies Zeitschrift fr Bevölkerungswissenschaft* **35**:483-496.

Feeney, Griffith. 2006. Increments to life and mortality tempo, *Demographic Research* **14**(2):27-456.

Feeney, Griffith. 2006. The quantum and tempo of life-style events, John Bongaarts and Griffith Feeney, Pp. 115-151 in *Vienna Yearbook of Population Research*.

Feeney, Griffith. 2003. Estimating mean lifetime, John Bongaarts and Griffith Feeney, *Proceedings of the National Academy of Science of the United States of America*, **100**(23):13127-13133. <http://www.pnas.org>.

Feeney, Griffith. 2003. "Data Assessment", "Lexis diagrams", and "Population Momentum", entries in the *International Encyclopedia of Population*, ed. Paul Demeny and Geoffrey McNicoll, Macmillan and Company, New York.

Bongaarts, John, and Griffith Feeney. 2002. How Long Do We Live? *Population and Development Review* **28**(1):13-29 (March 2002).

Feeney, Griffith. 2001. The Impact of HIV/AIDS on Adult Mortality in Zimbabwe, *Population and Development Review* **27**(4):771-780.

Feeney, Griffith. 2001. Population in East Asia, Griffith Feeney and Andrew Mason, in *Population Change and Economic Development in East Asia : Challenges met, opportunities seized*, ed. by Andrew Mason, Stanford University Press, Stanford, California, USA.

Feeney, Griffith, Shyam Thapa, and Keshav R. Sharma. 2001. One and a half centuries of demographic transition in Nepal. *Journal of Health, Population and Nutrition* **19**(3):160-166.

### **1985–1999**

Feeney, Griffith. 1998. On the quantum and tempo of fertility, John Bongaarts and Griffith Feeney. *Population and Development Review* **24**(2): 271-291.

Feeney, Griffith. 1994. Fertility decline in East Asia. *Science* **266** (2 December): 1518-1523.

Feeney, Griffith, and Yuan Jianhua. 1994. Below replacement fertility in China? A close look at recent evidence, *Population Studies* **48**:381-394.

Feeney, Griffith, and Wang Feng 1993. Parity progression and birth intervals in China: The influence of policy in hastening fertility decline, *Population and Development Review* **19**(1):61-101.

Feeney, Griffith. 1991. Fertility decline in Taiwan: A study using parity progression ratios, *Demography* **28**(3):467-479.

Luther Norman Y., Griffith Feeney, and Zhang Weimin. 1990. One-child families or a baby boom? Evidence from China's 1987 one-per-hundred survey, Norman Y. Luther, Griffith Feeney, and Zhang Weimin, *Population Studies* **44**(2):341-357.

Feeney, Griffith Feng Wang, Mingkun Zhou, and Baoyu Xiao. 1989. Recent fertility dynamics in China: Results from the 1987 one percent population survey, *Population and Development Review* **15**(2):297-322.

Feeney, Griffith, and Yu Jingyuan. 1987. Period parity progression ratio measures of fertility in China, Griffith Feeney and Jingyuan Yu, *Population Studies*, **41**(3):77-102.

Feeney, Griffith. 1985. Children ever born and children surviving" and "Child survivorship estimation" entries in the *Dictionary of Demography*, ed. Chris Wilson, Basil Blackwell, Oxford.

### **1970–1984**

Feeney, Griffith., and John A. Ross. 1984. Analyzing open birth interval distributions, *Population Studies* **38**(3):473-478.

Feeney, Griffith. 1983. A microprocessor revolution in data collection? *Asian and Pacific Census Forum* **19**(1):1 and 13.

Feeney, Griffith. 1983. Population dynamics based on birth intervals and parity progression, *Population Studies* **37**(1):75-89.

Feeney, Griffith. 1980. Estimating infant mortality rates from child survivorship data, *Population Studies* **34**(1):102-128.

Feeney, Griffith. 1977. Estimation of demographic parameters from census and vital registration data. In International Population Conference, Mexico 1977, Volume 3, pp. 349–370. International Union for the Scientific Study of Population.

- Feeney, Griffith. 1976. Estimating infant mortality rates from child survivorship data by age of mother, *Asian and Pacific Census Newsletter* **3**(2):12-16
- Feeney, Griffith. 1973. Two models for multiregional population dynamics, *Environment and Planning* **5**:31-43.
- Feeney, Griffith. 1971. Comment on a proposition of H. Le Bras, *Theoretical Population Biology* **2**(1):122-123.
- Feeney, Griffith. 1970. Stable age by region distributions, *Demography* **7**(3):341-348.